The *MARYLAND* GAZETTE.

[XVIII*th* Year.] THURSDAY, *February* 10, 1763. [N°. 927.]

His MAJESTY's Most Gracious SPEECH to both Houses of PARLIAMENT, on Thursday the 25th Day of *November* 1762.

My Lords and Gentlemen,

I FOUND, on my Accession to the Throne, these my Kingdoms engaged in a bloody and expensive War. I resolved to prosecute it with the utmost Vigour; determined, however, to consent to Peace, upon just and honourable Terms, whenever the Events of War should incline the Enemy to the same pacific Disposition. A Negociation was accordingly begun last Year, which proved ineffectual. The War became afterwards more general, by the Resolution of the Court of *Madrid* to take Part with my Enemies, notwithstanding my best Endeavours to prevent it.

This, with the unexpected Attack of my natural and good Ally the King of *Portugal*, greatly affected our Commerce, multiplied the Objects of our Military Operations, and increased our Difficulties, by adding to the heavy Burthens, under which this Country already laboured.

My Object still continued the same, to attain an honourable Peace, by pursuing this more extensive War in the most vigorous Manner. I embraced therefore an Occasion offered me, of renewing the Negociation; but at the same Time I exerted so effectually the Strength which you had put into my Hands, and have been so well served by my Fleets and Armies, in the Execution of my Plans, That History cannot furnish Examples of greater Glory, or greater Advantages acquired by the Arms of this, or any other Nation, in so short a Period of Time.—My General, Prince *Ferdinand* of *Brunswick*, and my Army in *Germany*, have gained immortal Honour, by many signal Advantages obtained, during the Course of this Campaign, over an Enemy superior in Numbers. The Progress of the *French* and *Spanish* Arms in *Portugal* has been stopt; and that Kingdom preserved by the Firmness and Resolution of it's Sovereign, and by the Military Talents of the reigning Count *La Lippe*, seconded by the Valour of the Troops under his Command. *Martinico*, and other Islands in the *West-Indies*, have been conquered; the *Havannah*, a Place of the utmost Importance, to *Spain*, is in my Possession; and with it great Treasures, and a very considerable Part of the Navy of *Spain*, are fallen into our Hands.

I cannot mention these Atchievements, which reflect such Honour on my Crown, without giving my public Testimony to the unwearied Perseverance, and unparallelled Bravery of my Officers and private Men, by Sea and Land, who, by repeated Proofs, have shewn, that no Climate, no Hardships, no Dangers, can check the Ardour, or resist the Valour of the *British* Arms.

Next to the Assistance of Almighty God, it is owing to their Conduct and Courage, that my Enemies have been brought to accept of Peace, on such Terms, as, I trust, will give my Parliament entire Satisfaction. Preliminary Articles have been signed by my Ministers, with those of *France* and *Spain*, which I will order, in due Time, to be laid before you.

The Conditions of these are such, that there is not only an immense Territory added to the Empire of *Great-Britain*, but a solid Foundation laid for the Increase of Trade and Commerce; and the utmost Care has been taken to remove all Occasions of future Disputes between my Subjects, and those of *France* and *Spain*, and thereby to add Security and Permanency to the Blessings of Peace.

While I carefully attended to the essential Interests of my own Kingdoms, I have had the utmost Regard to the good Faith of my Crown, and the Interests of my Allies. I have made Peace for the King of *Portugal*, securing to him all his Dominions; and all the Territories of the King of *Prussia*, as well as of my other Allies in *Germany*, or elsewhere, occupied by the Armies of *France*, are to be immediately evacuated.

Gentlemen of the House of Commons,

I have ordered the proper Estimates to be laid before you; and shall, without Delay, proceed to make Reductions to the utmost Extent, wherever they may be found consistent with Wisdom and sound Policy. It is the greatest Affliction for me to find, that, though the War is at an End, our Expences cannot immediately be so much lessened as I desire; but as nothing could have carried us through the great and arduous Difficulties surrounding us, but the most vigorous and expensive Efforts, we must expect, for some Time, to feel the Consequences of them to a considerable Degree.

My Lords and Gentlemen,

It was impossible to execute what this Nation has so gloriously performed, in all Parts of the World, without the Loss of great Numbers of Men. When you consider this Loss, whether on the Principles of Policy or Humanity, you will see one of the many Reasons which induced me to enter early into Negociation, so as to make a considerable Progress in it, before the Fate of many Operations was determined; and now to hasten the Conclusion of it, to prevent the Necessity of making Preparations for another Campaign. As by this Peace, my Territories are greatly augmented, and new Sources opened for Trade and Manufactures, it is my earnest Desire, that you would consider of such Methods, in the Settlements of our new Acquisitions, as shall most effectually tend to the Security of those Countries, and to the Improvement of the Commerce and Navigation of *Great-Britain*. I cannot mention our Acquisitions, without earnestly recommending to your Care and Attention, my gallant Subjects, by whose Valour they were made.

We could never have carried on this extensive War, without the greatest Union at Home. You will find the same Union peculiarly necessary, in order to make the best Use of the great Advantages acquired by the Peace, and to lay the Foundation of that Oeconomy, which we owe to ourselves, and to our Posterity, and which can alone relieve this Nation from the heavy Burthens brought upon it, by the Necessities of this long and expensive War.

The humble ADDRESS of the Right Honourable the LORDS Spiritual and Temporal, in Parliament assembled.

Die Jovis, 25 Novembris, 1762.

Most Gracious Sovereign,

WE, Your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, in Parliament assembled, beg Leave to return your Majesty our humble Thanks for your most gracious Speech from the Throne.

Permit us, Sir, to take this earliest Opportunity, to entreat your Majesty to accept our most sincere and fervent Congratulations on the Birth of an Heir to your Crown, which adds to your Majesty's domestic Happiness, and endears your Royal Consort to the People of these Realms; and promises, that, under a Prince formed to the Arts of Government by your Majesty's Royal Example, the Civil and Religious Liberties, the Glory, the Commerce, and the Power of *Great-Britain*, will be transmitted to Posterity.

It is with the utmost Gratitude that we acknowledge your Majesty's unwearied Attention to the Prosperity and Happiness of your People, which made your Majesty constantly solicitous, even amidst the Glory of your Victories, to deliver them from the Burthens of War, by a just and honourable Peace. At the same Time, we cannot but admire the Wisdom, which pointed out to your Majesty, the most vigorous Efforts, as the surest Means of procuring this Blessing for your People.

We beg Leave to offer to your Majesty our humble Congratulations on the signal Successes which have attended your Majesty's Arms in the Course of the present Year; on the Reduction of the strong Island of *Martinico*; on the Conquest of the *Havannah*, the Bulwark of the *Spanish* Colonies; and on the Acquisition of so much Treasure, and of so great a Part of the *Spanish* Marine; on the many Advantages obtained in *Germany* over the Arms of *France*, altho' superior in Numbers, by the able Conduct of your Majesty's General Prince *Ferdinand* of *Brunswick*, and by the Valour of the Troops under his Command; and on the Preservation of *Portugal* from the Dangers which threatened instantly to overwhelm that Kingdom, and which could not have been so long withstood, but by the Firmness of its Sovereign, by the military Talents of the Reigning Count *La Lippe*, and by the Valour of the Troops employed in that Service. These Atchievements must be acknowledged to be equal to whatever has been performed in any former Year, even of this prosperous War; though a new Enemy necessarily made our military Operations more extensive, and added new Difficulties to those we struggled with before: Atchievements which reflect the highest Honour on the Councils that planned them, on the Commanders who carried them into Execution, and on the Fleets and Armies, whose Intrepidity no Dangers could dismay.

Allow us to express, in the most fervent and grateful Manner, our Joy and Congratulations, that, by these repeated Efforts, your Majesty has at Length compelled your Enemies to consent to Terms of Peace; as well as to offer to your Majesty our sincere Thanks, for your having informed your Parliament that Preliminary Articles are already signed by your Majesty's Ministers, and by those of *France* and *Spain*; for your Majesty's most gracious Assurances, that you will cause those Articles, in due Time, to be laid before them; and for the Lights your Majesty has been pleased to give concerning the Conditions of them, which afford to your People the surest Prospect of future Happiness, Prosperity, and Security.

Your Majesty may be assured, that we will not fail, on our Part, to take, as soon as possible, into our Consideration the proper Methods for the Settlement of our new Acquisitions, for improving their Commerce, and thereby rendering them useful to the Mother Country. Truly sensible of the Merits of those gallant Men, by whose Valour those Acquisitions have been made, we shall be ready to concur in every reasonable Proposition for rewarding them; lamenting at the same Time, as we do, the Loss of so many of our Fellow-Subjects, by which the national Strength is greatly impaired. We cannot sufficiently admire that Wisdom, which seized the fortunate Hour of reaping the Advantages of our Victories, while we were yet on the Summit of our Glory, and before we had experienced any Reverse of Fortune. In grateful Return for those many Blessings, which your Majesty's Royal Wisdom and Fortitude have procured for us, your Majesty may depend on our warmest Zeal, on our constant Endeavours to promote that Unanimity your Majesty recommends in all our Proceedings, and on our Attention to those Measures of Oeconomy, which are the peculiar Business of Times of Peace, and which alone can relieve your Majesty's faithful People, from the oppressive Burthens of so long and so expensive a War.

His MAJESTY's Most Gracious ANSWER.

My Lords,

THIS very affectionate and loyal Address gives me the truest Satisfaction. I thank you heartily for it; as well as for your Congratulations on the Birth of the Prince, my Son, and for the Regard you express, on this Occasion, for the Queen.

The chearful and steady Support of my Parliament, throughout the War, has been attended with uninterrupted Success: And the Satisfaction of the Preliminary Articles will, I trust, soon be followed by the Completion of the Peace, on safe and honourable Conditions.

My own Wish is, and ever will be, to promote the lasting Happiness, Prosperity, and Security of my faithful People.

The Humble ADDRESS of the House of COMMONS to the KING.

Most Gracious Sovereign,

WE your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Commons of *Great-Britain*, in Parliament assembled, beg Leave to return your Majesty the most humble and hearty Thanks of this House, for your most gracious Speech from the Throne.

Permit us at the same Time, to congratulate your Majesty on the auspicious Birth of his Royal Highness the Prince of *Wales*, and the Recovery of your Royal Consort, endeared to this Country, not only by this important Event, but by her own personal Virtues.

We acknowledge, with the utmost Gratitude, your Majesty's great Attention to the Welfare of your People, in the vigorous Prosecution of the War; and congratulate your Majesty on that happy Effect of it, the Prospect of such a Peace, as may give Stability and Permanency to the Blessings we promise ourselves under your Majesty's most auspicious Reign.

We assure your Majesty, that your faithful Commons are truly sensible of the Wisdom with which your Plans have been concerted, as well as of the successful Zeal with which they have been carried into Execution by your Fleets and Armies.

The Resolution and Intrepidity of your Majesty's Army in *Germany*, and the military Skill, and distinguished Activity of your General Prince *Ferdinand* of *Brunswick*, which have obtained so many signal Advantages, over an Enemy so superior in Numbers, are Objects of our highest Admiration. The Stopping the Progress of the *French* and *Spanish* Arms in *Portugal*, and the Preservation of that Kingdom, by the Firmness and Resolution of its Sovereign, and by the superior Talents, and able Conduct of the Reigning Count *La Lippe*, seconded by the Valour of the Troops under his Command, are Events of the highest Importance to this Nation and its Commerce. The Reduction of *Martinico*, so glorious to your Majesty's Arms, and the still more glorious and important Conquest of the *Havannah*, by which great Treasure, and a very considerable Part of the Navy of *Spain*, are fallen into your Majesty's Hands, speak the Wisdom of your Councils, and the Valour of those employed in the Execution of these great Commands; and fill our Hearts with Gratitude and Satisfaction.

The public Testimony which your Majesty has, therefore, graciously given to the unwearied Perseverance and unparallelled Bravery of your Officers and private Men, by Sea and Land, to which, under God, these glorious Atchievements are to be attributed, is a no less honourable, than deserved Reward of their Services, and must be an additional Recommendation of them, to the Esteem and Gratitude of their Country.

Allow us, Sir, to thank your Majesty for having promised to direct the Preliminary Articles of the Peace to be laid before us. And we receive with the greatest Satisfaction the Information, which your Majesty has condescended, in the mean Time, to afford us; from which we promise ourselves, that with your Majesty's Dominions, our Trade will be increased; and that, all Occasions of future Disputes being removed, the Blessings of Peace will be thereby rendered permanent and secure.

We return your Majesty our most sincere and humble Thanks for your great Goodness, and tender Regard for the Welfare of your Subjects, in proceeding without Delay to the Conclusion of the Negociation of Peace, so expedient for this Country; and for your gracious Intentions, as soon as it shall be concluded, to reduce the public Expences.

Your Majesty may be assured, that your faithful Commons will chearfully assist in the Support of such Expences as may be still necessary, with due Regard to that Oeconomy, which your Majesty recommends to us, as far as may be consistent with Wisdom and true Policy.

We will not fail to consider of the most effectual Methods of settling our new Acquisitions, of securing those Countries to us, and of improving our Commerce and Navigation. And lamenting the Loss of those many brave Men, who have fallen in this glorious War, we will pay all due Attention to the Services of those who remain, by whose Valour those Acquisitions have been made. And we will continue to cultivate that Union, to which we greatly owe the Success of the War, in order thereby to make the best Advantages of Peace, and lay the Foundation of that Oeconomy, which we owe to ourselves, and to our Posterity.

BRESLAU, *October* 10.

WE hear from Saxony, that on the 27th and 28th of September, the advanced Posts of his Royal Highness Prince Henry were vigorously attacked, and obliged to retire; that on the 29th Gen. Haddick attacked the Prince's left Wing, and the Landsberg, situated in the Front of Lieutenant-General Hulsen's Right. The Fire of the Artillery and Small Arms lasted upwards of six Hours, and the Austrians were at last repulsed, with a considerable Loss of Killed and Wounded, besides 300 Prisoners. His Royal Highness, seeing the Danger he was exposed to, from the vast Superiority of the Austrians, decamped from Frechendorff on the 30th, at Three in the Morning, and retired to Freyberg, without the Enemy's perceiving his Retreat. General Hulsen likewise

quitted his Position, and occupied the Camp of Katzenhausen.

Hague, Oct. 29. Gen. Dieſbach, the Commandant of Caſſel, made a Sally on the 22d Inſtant, at the Head of the whole Garriſon, and obliged the ordinary Guard to abandon the Trenches; but Prince Frederick of Brunſwick, at the Head of four Battalions, coming quickly to their Support, drove the Enemy back into Caſſel, with great Loſs, before they had Time to do any Damage to the Works.

Saxony, Oct. 22. Prince Henry, after ſecuring his Camp behind Noſſen, called in all his Detachments and Piquets, and ſuddenly wheeled round with his Army; upon which the advanced Poſts of the Army under Gen. Haddick, we are told, fell back, and the Pruſſians retook Freyberg. This is ſaid to have happened on the 20th, but we have not as yet received the Particulars.

Paris, Oct. 29. Letters from Madrid of the 12th, adviſe, that the Catholic King heard, with much Concern, that inſtead of 15,000 Men, which he had ordered for the Defence of the Havannah, their Number, either through Treachery or Negligence, did not exceed 5000. The abominable Conduct of ſome Spaniſh Officers in the Weſt-Indies, gives Room to fear, that in the Breaſts of ſome Spaniards alſo, the Love of their Country is extinguiſhed by Self-intereſt.

Naumburg, October 22. The King of Pruſſia is making new Levies throughout his Dominions, with the utmoſt Diligence. All who are able to bear Arms, from the Age of 16 to that of 40, are enliſted.

Brandenbourg, Nov. 10. A Train of battering Cannon is preparing at Magdebourg, for the Siege of Dreſden.

Army of Prince Henry at Freyberg, Nov. 10.

General Kleiſt hath made an Incurſion into Bohemia, ſcoured a great Part of the Country, even to within two Miles of Prague, where the Alarm was general, plundering wherever he came, and deſtroyed ſeveral Magazines, particularly one at Saaz, valued at 900,000 Florins.

Altena, Nov. 16. Prince Henry, we are told, will content himſelf with getting every Thing ready for laying Siege to Dreſden, at the Beginning of the next Campaign.

Hague, Nov. 16. By the beſt Accounts from Spain, it appears, that their Army in Portugal had been obliged to retire, for want of Subſiſtence, and run a great Riſk of being deſtroyed by the Overflowing of the Tagus. Both the Officers and private Men are in the moſt diſtreſſed Situation, almoſt without Meat, Drink or Clothes. The Letters add, that the Spaniards are in a worſe Condition than the French; and that the whole Army was marching towards Eſtremadura.

LONDON, *November* 13.

Advice is received by the Dutch Mail, that his Catholic Majeſty, upon receiving the News of the Loſs of the Havannah, would ſee no Body for four Days, and threatened Vengeance to his Miniſters for impoſing upon him, by aſſuring him that the Place was impregnable.

Extract of a Letter from Cadiz, dated November 30.

"By a Daniſh Ship arrived here from the Cape, we have the diſagreeable News of the Reduction of the Havannah, with the Loſs likewiſe of a great Number of Men, which has cauſed no ſmall Murmuring here, as almoſt every Houſe in this City is concerned more or leſs in the Trade to that Iſland, and Places connected with it, which it is feared will make it be attended with bad Conſequences, more particularly as our Trade is entirely ſtopt thereby; but we truſt to Providence for his Aſſiſtance in this our very calamitous Situation, and are in great Hopes either ſhortly to hear of an Accommodation between the two contending Powers, or elſe that this Loſs will be made up to us by the total Reduction of all Portugal."

The following Extract from the ANNUAL REGISTER, for the Year 1761, being a Character of the Great Patriot PITT, may ſerve as a Supplement to his Speech, the Subſtance of which we publiſhed in our *Gazette*, N°. 922.

The AUTHOR, *after mentioning the Controverſy relating to Mr.* PITT's *Reſignation, ſays,*

WE may affirm, with Truth and Impartiality, that no Man was ever better fitted than Mr. PITT to be the Miniſter in a great and powerful Nation, or better qualified to carry that Power and Greatneſs to their utmoſt Limits. There was in all his Deſigns, a Magnitude, and even a Vaſtneſs, which was not eaſily comprehended by every Mind, and which nothing but Succeſs could have made to appear reaſonable: If he was ſometimes incorrect, he was never vulgar.

His Power, as it was not acquired, ſo neither was it exerciſed in an ordinary Manner. With very little Parliamentary, and with leſs Court Influence, he ſwayed both at Court and in Parliament, with an Authority unknown before, to the beſt ſupported Miniſters. He was called to the Miniſtry by the Voice of the People; and what is more rare, he held it with their Approbation; and under him, for the firſt Time, Adminiſtration and Popularity were ſeen united. Under him Great Britain carried on the moſt important War in which ſhe ever was engaged, alone and unaſſiſted, with greater Splendor, and with more Succeſs, than ſhe had ever enjoyed at the Head of the moſt powerful Alliances. Alone this Iſland ſeemed to ballance the Reſt of Europe.

In the Conduct of the War he never ſuffered the Enemy to breathe, but overwhelmed them with reiterated Blows, and kept up the Alarm in every Quarter. If one of his Expeditions was not ſo well calculated, or ſo ſucceſsfully executed, Amends were made by another, and by a third. The Spirit of the Nation once rouſed, was not ſuffered for a Moment to ſubſide; and the French, dazzled, as it were, by the Multitude and Celerity of his Enterprizes, ſeemed to have loſt all Power of Reſiſtance. In ſhort, he revived the military Genius of our People; he ſupported our Allies; he extended our Trade; he raiſed our Reputation; he augmented our Dominions; and on his Departure from Adminiſtration, left the Nation in no other Danger than that which ever muſt attend exorbitant Power, and the Temptation which may be, to the invidious Exertion of it. Happy it had been for him, for his Sovereign, and his Country, if a Temper leſs auſtere, and a Diſpoſition more tractable, more compliant, and conciliating, had been joined to his other great Virtues. The Want of theſe Qualities diſabled him from acting any otherwiſe than alone: It prevented our enjoying the joint Fruit of the Wiſdom of many able Men, who might mutually have tempered, and mutually forwarded each other; and finally, which was not the meaneſt Loſs, it deprived us of his own immediate Services.

Thoſe who cenſured his political Conduct the moſt ſeverely, could raiſe but few Exceptions to it; none of them ſingly, and perhaps, the Whole united, of no great Weight againſt a Perſon long engaged in ſo great a Scene of Action.

Whether the Part, which under his Adminiſtration we rather continued to act than newly took, with Regard to the Affairs of Germany, be for the real Intereſt of Great Britain, is a Queſtion of the utmoſt Difficulty, and which perhaps will never admit a ſatisfactory Solution. To condemn him on this Head we muſt be ſure of this Solution. It has been obſerved, in Favour of that conteſted Meaſure, that France demonſtrated, through the whole Progreſs of the late Treaty, the moſt earneſt Deſire that we ſhould abandon that German Connection; no trifling Argument, that our Enemy did not look upon it to be extreamly prejudicial to our Intereſts. If he has carried on that War at a vaſt Expence, a prodigious Stand has been made againſt the entire Power of France; had leſs been expended, the whole Expence might have been loſt. How far this Part of his Conduct was agreeable to his former Declarations, is a Diſcuſſion which can avail but little. He found the Nation engaged in theſe Affairs; it was more eaſy to puſh them forward, than to extricate himſelf from them; as he proceeded, he diſcovered, by Experience, the Advantages of that Plan of Action, and his Opinion was changed.

But even admitting, that, to attain the Ends of Oppoſition, he had once fallen upon popular Topics, which even then he knew were not tenable, it can form but a very ſmall Blemiſh in a public Character, however wrong it may be by Application to the ſtrict Rules of Morality. Ill would it fare with Stateſmen, if this Sort of Conſiſtency were to be expected from the moſt conſiſtent of them.

With regard to the Penſion and the Title, it is a Shame that any Defence ſhould be neceſſary. What Eye can diſtinguiſh, at the firſt Glance, the Difference between this and the exceptionable Caſe of Titles and Penſions? What Briton, with the ſmalleſt Senſe of Honour and Gratitude, but muſt bluſh for his Country, if ſuch a Man retired unrewarded from the public Service, let the Motives to that Retirement be what they would? It was not poſſible that his Sovereign could let his eminent Services paſs unrequited! The Sum that was given was undoubtedly inadequate to his Merits; and the Quantum was rather regulated by the Moderation of the great Mind that received it, than by the Liberality of that which beſtowed it.

The Conduct of Mr. PITT, when the Parliament met, in which he made his own Juſtification; without impeaching the Conduct of any of his Collegues, or taking one Meaſure that might ſeem to ariſe from Diſguſt or Oppoſition, has ſet a Seal upon his Character.

ANNAPOLIS, *Feb.* 10.

Laſt Monday Evening, Mr. CALEB DORSEY, junr. (Son of Capt. BASIL DORSEY of *Elk-Ridge*) one of the Magiſtrates of this County, was taken with a Fit, and Died in a few Minutes.

Thurſday IV *o'Clock, the Northern Poſt not yet come in.*

WILLIAM RIND,

WILL eſteem it as a Favour, if thoſe Gentlemen and Ladies who have ſubſcribed to his Circulating Library, will ſend in their Subſcriptions, as it is now open. Books will be delivered agreeable to the Propoſals publiſhed in the Gazette. Catalogues are now Printing, which will be ſent to the ſeveral Subſcribers as ſoon as finiſhed. He has received Advice from his Correſpondent in *London*, that another Cargo of Books was ſhipped him the 20th of *November*, which, when arrived, will greatly increaſe and add to the Value of the Collection.

To be SOLD by PUBLIC VENDUE, on Friday the firſt Day of April *next, near* Delaware-Bottom, *in* Anne-Arundel *County, at the Premiſes, (Purſuant to the Will of Mr.* John Oliver, *Deceaſed) for Caſh, or good Security, if required,*

A VERY valuable Tract of LAND, ſituate and lying about 24 Miles from the Head of *Patapſco*, and two Miles from *Delaware-Bottom*, where the Deceaſed lately lived, containing 396 Acres (being three Plantations) whereon is a good Dwelling-Houſe, Kitchen, Quarters, Barn, Tobacco-Houſes, and other Out-Houſes; likewiſe two good Orchards, one of which conſiſts of upwards of 500 good Fruit Trees. There is a good Deal of Meadow Ground, within good Fencing, and much more may be made.

Alſo Horſes, Cattle, Hogs, and Sheep, Plantation Utenſils, and Variety of Houſhold Goods, of all Sorts, *viz.* Good Feather Beds, Looking-Glaſſes, Chairs, *&c. &c.*

THOMAS OLIVER, *Executor.*

The Sale to begin at XI o'Clock, and continue from Day to Day, 'till all is Sold.

To be SOLD by the SUBSCRIBER at his Store in Annapolis, *very reaſonably, for Caſh,*

CHOICE *Barbados* SPIRITS, *Barbados, Antigua* and *New-England* RUM by the Hogſhead or Gallon, a Quantity of beſt *New York* LOAF SUGAR, RAISINS by the Keg or Pound, freſh CHOCOLATE, GUNPOWDER and Small SHOT. NATHANIEL WATTS.

N. B. The Subſcriber wants to purchaſe a Quantity of BEANS immediately. N. W.

To be SOLD at VENDUE at St. Leonard's Creek-Town, *in* Calvert *County, on Friday the 27th of* February, *for good* London *Bills of Exchange, or Sterling Caſh,*

ABOUT Three Hundred Pounds Coſt of *European* and *India* GOODS. Credit will be given to the 20th of *Auguſt* next, without Intereſt, upon giving Security, if required. Invoice of ſaid Goods may be ſeen at any Time before the Sale, by applying to ALEXANDER SOMERVELL.

To be SOLD by PUBLIC VENDUE, on Thurſday the 10*th Day of* March *next, at Noon, for Sterling Caſh, Bills of Exchange, or Currency,*

THE Plantation where Mr. *William Diſney* Deceaſed, lately lived, about 4 Miles from *London-Town*, on the Road to *Queen-Anne*, whereon are a good Dwelling-Houſe, Out-Houſes, Bake-Houſe, and a good Water Griſt-Mill, with Bolting Cloth, and every Thing compleat for a Merchant Mill: There are 4 or 5 Acres of Meadow Ground, and more may be made with little Trouble.

The Plantation contains about 70 or 80 Acres, and the Title is indiſputable.

FRANCIS HALL.

N. B. The Sale to be on the Premiſes.

ANNAPOLIS, *February* 10, 1763.

LYING in *Hunger-River*, *Dorcheſter* County, and to be SOLD by the Subſcriber, a SCHOONER which will carry about 26 or 2700 Buſhels of GRAIN: She is well fitted, faithfully Built, and a prime Sailer, has made two Bay Trips only. For Terms, apply to SHADRACH FALLEN at the abovementioned Place, or JOHN BENNETT.

WANTED, a Young LAD as an Apprentice to Store-Keeping. Any one of a good Character, that would be willing to bind himſelf for three or four Years, may know the Terms by applying to the Printers hereof.

Port-Tobacco, *January* 31, 1763.

ANY Perſon qualified to take the Command of a large SEA SLOOP, and comes well recommended for his Sobriety, Induſtry, and Integrity, will meet with ſuitable Encouragement, by applying to JOHN HANSON, *junior*.

January 25, 1763.

ON the 30th of *December* laſt, a certain *Matthew Collins*, a thick well ſet Fellow, about 35 Years of Age, and a Native of *Ireland*, left in the Poſſeſſion of *Benjamin Jacobs*, living at *Unicorn* Forge, in *Queen-Anne's* County, a Brown Mare, about ſeven or eight Years old, 14 Hands high, paces and trots, has neither Brand nor Ear mark, nor no particular natural Marks. From ſeveral concurring Circumſtances, it is thought ſhe is ſtolen.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

WHEREAS *Ruth*, the Wife of me the Subſcriber, living within 4 Miles of the Head of *South-River*, did Elope from me on Saturday Night laſt, taking with her all the Money in the Houſe, and *her* youngeſt Child about 8 Months old, leaving one other of *her* Children about 5 Years old, in Bed; and as it's probable ſhe may endeavour to run me in Debt; This is to give Notice, That I will not pay any Debt of her Contracting after this 10th Day of *February* 1763.

CHARLES RIDGLEY.

N. B. Head of *South-River*, *Feb.* 10, 1763.

STRAYED, or STOLEN, about a Month ago, from the Subſcriber, a dark Bay Mare, about 12¼ Hands high, has a Star in her Forehead, branded on the near Buttock with S, the middle part of the S not plain. She was with Foal.

Whoever returns her, or gives Notice where ſhe is, ſo that ſhe may be had again, ſhall have Two Dollars Reward. CHARLES RIDGLEY.

THERE is at the Plantation of *Benjamin Mackall*, junr. in *Frederick* County, taken up as a Stray, a Roan Mare Colt, 4 Years old this Spring, branded on the near Thigh thus B.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

THERE is at the Plantation of Captain *John Stinchcomb*, in the Foreſt of *Baltimore* County, taken up as a Stray, a dark Bay or Brown Gelding, rather under the middle Size, has a ſmall Sprig Tail, branded on the near Shoulder R, and on both Buttocks with a Patin Iron, and C in the Middle of it.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

THERE is in the Poſſeſſion of *Benjamin Reeder*, taken up as a Stray, a dark Bay or Brown Mare, with a ſmall Star in her Forehead, and branded on the near Shoulder and Buttock ſomething like this Ω, ſhe paces and trots.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

TO BE SOLD for Gold or Silver,

A TRACT of LAND call'd *Part of Jacob's Improv'd Purchaſe*, ſituate on *Curtis's* Creek, containing 280 Acres, well Timber'd with Pine or Plank, *&c.* about 5 Miles from *Baltimore-Town*, Water Carriage, and good Landing, very good Water, with about 40 Acres of clear'd Land, a Dwelling-Houſe, and Out-Houſes.

For Title and Terms apply to Mr. *Greenbury Dorſey*, junior, living near *Suſquehanna*, or to Mr. *Iſbrand Jacobs*, near the Premiſſes.

WILLIAM HENDERSON.

GLAIZ'D POWDER, and SALT, to be SOLD by the Subſcriber in *Annapolis*.

HENRY WARD.

Piney-Branch, *Prince-George's* County, *January* 20.

ALL Perſons Indebted to the Subſcriber, by Bond, Note, or Book Account, are deſired to come and diſcharge the ſame immediately, or they may depend on being dealt with as the Law directs, without further Notice.

2 WILLIAM SCOTT.

Queen-Anne's County, *February* 1, 1763.

ALL Perſons Indebted to the Eſtate of Capt. *Matthew Dockery*, of *Queen-Anne's* County, Deceaſed, are requeſted to make ſpeedy Payment, or they may expect to be dealt with according to Law; and all thoſe who have any juſt Demands againſt the ſaid Eſtate, are deſired to bring in their Accounts ſpeedily, that they may be adjuſted.

Likewiſe, all Perſons that have borrow'd Books, are deſired to return them.

SARAH DOCKERY, Executrix.

TO BE SOLD,

A TRACT of LAND called *Thurſton's Neighbour*, lying on *Bynam's Branch*, near the Head of *Buſh* River, in *Baltimore* County, containing about 1000 Acres. Any Perſon deſirous of purchaſing the above Tract of Land, may, upon Application to Mr. *Robert Alexander*, of *Baltimore-Town*, be informed of the Title and Terms of Sale. Sterling, or Gold and Silver at the current Rates, will be taken in Payment, as may beſt ſuit the Purchaſer. 2

ALL Perſons who have open Accounts on the Books of Dr. *Guſtavus Brown*, late of *Charles* County, are deſired to Diſcharge their ſeveral Debts; and thoſe who have Claims againſt the aforeſaid's Eſtate, are deſired to bring them in that they may be paid. It is expected that thoſe who cannot make immediate Payment, will ſettle their reſpective Accounts by Note, Bill, or Bond, with Mr. *Charles Love* of *Charles* County, who is empowered to Settle and Collect the ſame.

2 RICHARD BROWN, Executor.

RAN away from the Subſcriber, living at the *Vineyard* near *Annapolis*, on the 23d of *January* laſt, a Convict Servant Man named *Thomas Smith*, he is a *Welchman*, and ſpeaks but very little *Engliſh*. His Apparel was a brown Surtout Coat, a Kerſey Veſt, and Cotton ditto, Cotton and brown Cloth Breeches, and a Pair of Boots.

Whoever takes up the ſaid Servant, and brings him home, ſhall receive TEN POUNDS Reward, beſide what the Law allows, paid by

2 NATHAN LANE.

RAN away on the 12th of *December* laſt, from the Subſcriber in *Frederickſburg*, a Servant Woman named *Mary Kellock*, born in *England*, about 17 Years of Age, is much mark'd with the Small Pox, has light brown Hair, grey Eyes, and very red Lips: Had on, a light-colour'd Camblet Gown, a pink-colour'd Stuff Petticoat, a Check Apron, and a black Sattin Hat. I ſince heard ſhe went with one *Jarvis* a Drummer in the *Virginia* Regiment, and was dreſſed in his old blue Cloaths.

Whoever takes up the ſaid Servant, and conveys her to me at *Frederickſburg*, or ſecures her ſo that I may have her again, ſhall receive Forty Shillings Reward, and reaſonable Charges, paid by

7 JANE NEILE.

LEFT by Miſtake at the Houſe of *John Elliott*, at *Queen-Anne*, about a Twelvemonth ago by ſome Sailors, a Croſs-Cut SAW, mark'd with a Square or a Diamond. The Owner may have it, on producing the Bill of Lading, paying the Charge of this Advertiſement, and applying to

7 THOMAS ELLIOTT.

THERE is in the Poſſeſſion of *Thomas Edelen*, in *Prince-George's* County, near *Piſcataway*, taken up as a Stray, a dark Bay Horſe about 13 Hands high, branded on the near Thigh thus, M) his hind Feet are white, and one fore Foot white in the Foot-lock, he is dock'd and bob'd, has a Saddle Spot on the near Side of his Back, and is about Six Years old.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

GOOD RUM to be SOLD at the New STILL-HOUSE in *Charles-Town*, and by JAMES REITH in *Annapolis*, at reaſonable Rates. 9

ANNAPOLIS RACES.

On Thurſday, the 21ſt of April *next, will be Run for, on the Race-Ground in the City of* Annapolis, *a Purſe of* FIFTY PISTOLES, *free for any Horſe, Mare, or Gelding, on the following Terms.*

EVERY Horſe, Mare, or Gelding, that runs for the ſaid Purſe, ſhall, if riſing Four next Graſs, carry eight Stone, if Five, eight Stone ten Pounds, if Six, nine Stone ſix Pounds, and Aged, ten Stone: Horſe Plates, and Shoes, not allowed in the Weight.

Every Perſon that puts in a Horſe, Mare, or Gelding, for the ſaid Purſe, ſhall enter the ſame with Mr. JONAS GREEN, on the Tueſday preceding the Race, with whom he ſhall leave ſatisfactory Vouchers of his or her Age, and at the ſame Time ſhall pay Two Piſtoles Entrance, or Half that Sum if a Subſcriber to the Race; and ſuch Horſes, Mares, or Geldings, of whoſe Ages ſatisfactory Vouchers are not produced, ſhall be deemed Aged.

The Horſe, Mare, or Gelding, that wins any two Heats, wins the Purſe; each Heat to be four Times round the Poles; but if three ſeveral Horſes, Mares or Geldings, win each of them a Heat, then thoſe three, and only they, to run a fourth Heat, and the Horſe, Mare, or Gelding, that wins the fourth Heat, ſhall win the Purſe; any Horſe, Mare, or Gelding, that wins the firſt and ſecond Heats, ſhall be obliged to ſtart again, if required by any of the other Riders, and muſt ſave his Diſtance, to entitle him to the Purſe: No Diſtance a fourth Heat.

In running the Heats, if it cannot be decided, which Horſe, Mare, or Gelding, has his or her Head at the ending Poſt firſt, that Heat goes for nothing, and they may all Start again, except it be in the laſt Heat, and the Doubt between two Horſes, Mares, or Geldings, if either of which had won, the Purſe would have been decided, then they only ſhall ſtart again.

Every Rider ſhall after each Heat is run, come to the Scales with his Horſe, Mare, or Gelding, there and there to alight and not before, and to weigh to the Satisfaction of the Judges, and in caſe of Neglect or Refuſal thereof, or want of Weight, the Horſe, Mare, or Gelding, of ſuch Rider, ſhall have no Share in the Purſe, nor be permitted to ſtart again: But as a Rider may (unknown to the Judges) alight previous to his coming to the Scales, and by them, for want of timely Information, be permitted to ſtart again, ſuch Horſe, Mare, or Gelding, ſhall take Place, the ſame as if it had not happened.

If a Rider falls from his Horſe, and the Horſe is rode in by another, that is of ſufficient Weight, he will take Place the ſame as if it had not happened, provided he goes back to the Place where the Rider fell.

If any Rider ſhall croſs, joſtle, ſtrike, or uſe any foul Play, the Horſe, Mare, or Gelding, he rides, ſhall be deemed diſtanced.

Every Horſe, Mare, or Gelding, that runs on the wrong Side of the Poles, and does not turn back, or is diſtanced in any of the Heats, ſhall have no Share in the Purſe, nor be permitted to run any more.

The Entrance Money to be paid to the ſecond beſt Horſe, Mare, or Gelding, that ſhall ſtart for the Purſe.

If there are three Heats run, the Horſe, Mare, or Gelding, is ſecond beſt, that wins one, and if the Purſe is won by two Heats, the Preference to be determined by the Place they are in at the ſecond Heat.

The Time of Starting will be between One and Three o'Clock in the Afternoon, and Half an Hour will be allowed between each Heat to rub.

All Diſputes that ſhall ariſe to be *finally* determined by Meſſieurs *Thomas Sprigg*, *Kenſey Johns*, and *Jonas Green*, who are appointed Judges for that Purpoſe.

☞ The next Day will be run for, a Purſe of TWENTY-FIVE PISTOLES, free for any Horſe, Mare, or Gelding, riſing Four next Graſs, to carry eight Stone, each Heat to be three Times round the Poles, and to be entered on the Day preceding the Race, with Mr. *Jonas Green*, to whom they ſhall pay One Piſtole Entrance, or Half that Sum if a Subſcriber to the Race; the winning Horſe of the Day before, to be excluded; all the other Terms (where applicable) to be the ſame as in the preceding Race.

Philadelphia, January 22, 1763.

TWENTY DOLLARS REWARD.

WHEREAS a certain *Charles Goldſmith*, a handſome young Man of about 5 Feet 9 Inches high, long light-colour'd Hair, commonly plaited; about 28 Years of Age; is remarkable for playing the *German Flute*, which he took with him; had a Cut acroſs the Ball of his left Thumb, a little Pock-mark'd, is a Cabinet-maker by Trade: Had on when he went away, a new Coat and Jacket of ſuperfine Cloth, a Pair of Buckſkin Breeches, a Pair of Stone Knee-Buckles, a new Beaver Hat, a blue Surtout Coat with a Velvet Collar, a black Cravat, and rode away a ſmall Bay Mare.——He was laſt heard of, at one *Wagſtaffe's*, in *Baltimore, Maryland*.

N. B. As ſaid *Goldſmith* has abſented himſelf from his Bail, they are likely to ſuffer. Any Perſon that will arreſt and take him, ſo as he may be brought to Juſtice, may depend on being paid the above Reward of *Twenty Dollars*, by the Subſcriber or Subſcribers hereof.—'Tis likely he will change his Name.—As it's ſaid he is bound for *Carolina*, all Maſters of Veſſels are deſired not to take him off, at their Peril.

EDMUND MILNE,
JAMES BENNETT.

WHERE the LAND-OFFICE was formerly Kept, *Is Taught*, GEOMETRY, TRIGONOMETRY, with their Application to SURVEYING and NAVIGATION; WRITING, ARITHMETIC, and the *Italian* Method of BOOK-KEEPING. Young LADIES are Taught to Write the *Italian* Hand, &c. Correct, and Read well.

To be Sold for Caſh, Choice *Weſt-India* RUM by the Hogſhead, LOAF SUGAR, COFFEE, CHOCOLATE, *MADEIRA* WINE, MAHOGANY, and CEDAR DESKS, &c. by

THOMAS LYTTELTON.

GOOD *Weſt-India* RUM by the Tierce, MUSCOVADO SUGAR by the Barrel, and Barrell'd BEEF, to be SOLD very CHEAP by

THOMAS RICHARDSON *and Comp.*

January 21, 1763.

STRAYED or STOLEN from the Subſcriber's Plantation on the 11th Inſtant, a likely bright Bay Horſe, about 14½ Hands high, a large Star in his Forehead, a dark Mane and Tail, trots and gallops lightly, he is about 14 Years old, and not Branded: He was Bred by Mr. *Gaſſaway Watkins* in *Anne-Arundel* County. Whoever brings the ſaid Horſe to me, living near *Benedict* Town, in *Charles* County, ſhall have a Piſtole Reward; and if out of the Province Two Piſtoles, paid by

CORNELIUS DAVIES.

TO BE SOLD BY PUBLIC VENDUE, at Hunting-Town, *in* Calvert *County, on Saturday the* 19th *of* February *Inſt. for Bills of Exchange, or Sterling Caſh,*

PART of Three Tracts of Land, adjoining each other, on the Main Branch of *Hunting*-Creek, which formerly belonged to *John Gough*, containing 175 Acres, well timbered, with a Dwelling-Houſe and Kitchen, with Brick Chimneys, a Milk-Houſe, Tobacco-Houſe, and Two Apple Orchards thereon.

For Title and Terms apply to the Subſcriber at *St. Leonard's* Creek.

JOHN MACKALL.

JUST Arrived in the FRIENDSHIP, Captain *Brookes*, A Load of very good SALT, to be SOLD by the Subſcriber at *Upper-Marlborough*, and *Pig-Point*, for Money, Corn, Wheat, or other Country Produce.

STEPHEN WEST.

TO BE SOLD,

A CHOICE Parcel of Land, being Part of a Tract of Land, called *Hunting Quarter*, containing 348 Acres, lying in *Anne-Arundel* County, Two Miles from *Snowden's* new Forge, Ten Miles from *Elk-Ridge* Landing, and 22 Miles from *Annapolis*; on which is a good Dwelling-Houſe, and other Out-Houſes, all in good Repair. For Title and Terms apply to

CHARLES GREENBURY RIDGELY.

PIGG-IRON, to be SOLD by BUCHANAN & HUGHES in *Baltimore-Town*.

To be SOLD by the Subſcriber, living near Delaware Bottom, *to the higheſt Bidder, on Monday the* 14th *of* February *Inſt. if fair, if not, the next fair Day after, for Ready Bills of Exchange, or Sterling Caſh,*

A LIKELY well grown young NEGRO WOMAN and CHILD, that has had the Small-Pox. The Sale to be preciſely at Twelve o'Clock.

ROBERT DAVIS.

Prince-George's County, *Jan.* 10. 1763.

RAN away about the 8th Inſtant, from the Subſcriber, an indented Servant Man, whoſe Name, as he ſays, is *Jonathan Henry*, which he will probably change as ſoon as he gets over the Bay, as I ſuppoſe he is gone that Way. He carried with him a Female Child, in order, as he pretends, to leave with his Wife's Friends: He had on when he went away, a Holland Shirt, Leather Breeches, an old brown Great-Coat, &c.

Whoever ſecures the ſaid Servant, and brings him to me, or to *William Reynolds* at *Annapolis*, ſhall have a PISTOLE Reward, beſides what the Law allows

SAMUEL DUVALL BECK.

To be SOLD at PUBLIC VENDUE, on Wedneſday the 16th *of* March *next, at the Houſe of Mr.* Arthur Charlton, *in* Frederick-Town, *in* Frederick *County*,

THE following Tracts of LAND, late the Eſtate of Mr. *James Wardrop*, Deceaſed, all lying in *Frederick* County.

One Tract called *Partnerſhip*, lying on the Weſt Side of *Manockaſy*, below the Upper Ford, — — —	280
One Ditto called *Dear Bought*, lying on a Draught of *Anti-Eatam*, near the Head of a Spring at *Thomas Anderſon's* old Place,	500
John's Delight, lying on a ſmall Run called *Curry's Branch*, at the Foot of *Shannendore Mountain*, near *Curry's Gap*,	104
Piney Hill, lying about 8 Miles above the Mouth of *Conococheague*, on the Eaſt Side of *Lick Run*, near *Patowmack* River,	86
Brentford, lying near *John George Arnold's* on the Weſt Side of the Road leading from *Conococheague* to *Frederick-Town*,	35

For Title, or Terms of Sale, apply to

JAMES DICK.

RAN away from the Subſcriber, living in *Annapolis*, on the 28th of *Decemb.* laſt, a Convict Servant Man, named *Richard Stevens*, a *Pruſſian* Born, and Taylor by Trade, Speaks broken *Engliſh*, and very quick. He is about 5 Feet 8 Inches high, naturally of a pale Complexion, but when he ran away, his Face was much bruiſed, and had black Eyes, occaſioned by Fighting. He carried with him ſundry very good Clothes, *viz.* a very good brown Broadcloth Coat and Waiſtcoat, trimmed with the ſame Colour, a violet blue Suit of Cloth, with divers other Things too tedious to mention.

Whoever takes up the ſaid Servant, and ſecures him ſo that his Maſter may have him again, ſhall have TEN POUNDS Reward, paid by

JOHN DUCKER.

TO BE SOLD,

A TRACT of Land, called *Beanes's Paſture*, containing 220 Acres, adjoining to the Town of *Nottingham* on *Patuxent* River in *Prince George's* County, whereon is a new Dwelling-Houſe, 28 by 26 Feet, finiſhed in a neat and very convenient Manner, with a new Kitchen, 20 by 16 Feet, under which is a ſmall Stone Cellar, and a good Stable. About Half the Tract is a fine hard Marſh, which may eaſily be Improved to very great Advantage; the other Part is very level, and proper for highland Paſturage.

ALSO, To be SOLD, Between Four and Five Hundred Pounds firſt Coſt of Goods, very ſuitable to the Seaſon, at a low Advance, for good *London* Bills of Exchange, Sterling or Current Money.

All Perſons indebted to the Eſtate of *Colmore Beanes*, Deceaſed, are deſired to make immediate Payment, and thoſe who have any Demands againſt the ſaid Eſtate, are deſired to ſend in their Accounts legally proved. Attendance is given at *Nottingham*, every Wedneſday and Saturday in order to ſettle Accounts, by

WILLIAM BEANES, junior, Executor.

JOHN JEUDY, BREWER, *Living at the* Tan-Yard, *which formerly belonged to Mr.* Robert Swan, *in* Annapolis,

HEREBY gives Notice, That he will purchaſe any Quantity of GOOD BARLEY, delivered at his Houſe, between this Time and the Middle of *March*, and give Four Shillings a Buſhel, Ready Money, or more, if more is given by any Body elſe: After that Time he will give the beſt Market-Price. Next Fall he will purchaſe a large Quantity of RYE, and give the beſt Market-Price, in Ready Money.

He likewiſe carries on the COOPER's Buſineſs, and makes all Kinds of CASKS, at the moſt reaſonable Price.

N. B. He wants a couple of Apprentices.

Baltimore County, *Dec.* 31, 1762.

RAN away from the Subſcriber, on the 20th of this Inſtant, a Servant Man named *David Wickenden*, an *Engliſhman*, about 30 Years of Age, about 5 Feet 6 Inches high, dark Skin, thin Viſage, black Hair tied behind, and a ſmall Blemiſh in one of his Eyes: Had on when he went away, a good Felt Hat, and old Country-Cloth Coat fulled, the Cape lined with Plaid, and a Lead-colour'd Country fulled Jacket with large white Buttons, a ſmall old light-colour'd Coat, old coarſe Shirt, old Leather Breeches, mix'd blue and white Yarn Stockings, old Shoes, and round yellow Buckles.

Whoever ſecures the ſaid Servant ſo that his Maſter may have him again, ſhall receive Forty Shillings Reward if taken in the County; Five Pounds if out of the County; and Seven Pounds Ten Shillings if out of the Province, and reaſonable Charges paid if brought home, by

ALEXANDER WELLS.

N. B. He formerly ſerved Seven Years to Mr. *Henry Dorſey* on *Elk-Ridge*.

TO BE SOLD,

For Bills of Exchange, or Sterling Caſh,

A VERY good Brick DWELLING-HOUSE, ſituate on the main Road, about a Mile from *Annapolis*, where the Subſcriber now lives, with about 100 Acres of Land. There is a very good Cellar to the Houſe, good Stable, Corn-Houſe, Meat-Houſe, Milk-Houſe, Hen-Houſe, Two good Gardens, and an Orchard with very good Fencing. The Title good. Any Perſon wanting to purchaſe, may apply to

THOMAS PICKEL.

ALSO, A good Tract of LAND containing 210 Acres, ſituate on a Branch of *Seneca*, in *Frederick* County, about 30 Acres of it good Meadow Ground; for Dollars or Piſtoles.

To be SOLD by the SUBSCRIBER,

A TRACT of Land, called *Jarboe's Ramble*, containing 400 Acres, lying near the Head of *St. Mary's* River, in *St. Mary's* County: Any Perſon or Perſons inclining to purchaſe the Whole, or any Part thereof, may be informed of the Terms, by applying to

RICHARD WINSATT.

N. B. The Payment, if agreeable to the Purchaſer or Purchaſers, may be made in Corn or Wheat, for one Third of their Purchaſe, the Remainder in Caſh or Tobacco.

Annapolis, November 10, 1762.

WHEREAS ſeveral of the Officers and Men who compoſed the *Maryland* Troops, did not in *July* laſt (when Lieutenant Colonel *Dagworthy*, and Dr. *David Roſs* attended at *Annapolis* and *Queen's-Town*, to pay away the Money, which in Purſuance of a Warrant from his Excellency Sir *Jeffery Amherſt*, had been advanced to Lieut. Colonel *Dagworthy* for that Purpoſe) either perſonally appear, or by others apply for the Arrears of Pay due to them reſpectively; Notice is hereby given, that Lieutenant Colonel *Dagworthy* and *David Roſs* will attend again at *Annapolis*, the Third Monday in *February* next, in order to ſettle Accounts with, and pay the Arrears due to ſuch Perſons as ſhall then apply to them, or ſend proper Powers to ſettle and receive what may be due to them reſpectively: And thoſe who cannot attend themſelves, are deſired to have the Powers they give to others, to receive what may be due to them, regularly atteſted, and it is expected that thoſe who ſhall apply for what is due to the Eſtates of ſuch as are dead, will previouſly take out Letters of Adminiſtration in the Counties where it is moſt convenient for them to give Security.

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by **Jonas Green** and **William Rind**, in *Charles-Street*. All Perſons may be ſupplied with this GAZETTE at 12*s.* and 6*d. per* Year. ADVERTISEMENTS of a moderate Length are inſerted for 5*s.* the Firſt Week, and 1*s.* each Time after: And Long Ones in Proportion.